

THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE.—Immediately over Wall's Drug Store, corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, Third Story.

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Two Dollars per annum. Advance: Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year. Two dollars discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the option of the publisher. Advertising rates: One Dollar per Square of Ten Lines, for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions. A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch on the most reasonable terms.

The Knox Insurance Company,
FIRE, MARINE, AND LIFE INSURANCE
Capital Stock—\$200,000!
Office on Water Street, in Wiles' Brick Row,
VINCENNES, IND.

THIS Company, having been duly organized and ten per cent. paid on the capital stock subscribed, and the balance paid in, is now prepared to effect Insurance against Loss by Fire on Buildings, Merchandise, Machinery, Manufactures, and all descriptions of property; also, Merchandise and Provisions in the course of inland transportation, the risks of the seas, &c., &c.; also, the Hulls of Steamboats, and other vessels and upon Lives of individuals going to California. The rates of premium will be as low as those of any other responsible Company.

All Losses will be adjusted and promptly paid. The stock of this Company is held entirely in the West, and controlled by western men, and in no way connected with New York.

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Short life and California risks taken at the agency at extra rates.

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Columbus Insurance Company,
OF COLUMBUS, OHIO.
CAPITAL PAID IN \$300,000.
INCORPORATED IN 1832.

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THE Subscriber, agent at Fort Wayne, in this successful and responsible Company continues to insure on risks in All hand and foreign countries.

This Company, since its organization, has paid nearly \$200,000 in dividends to its stockholders. The losses have always been promptly paid.

The subscriber during the past year paid over \$2,500 for losses on policies issued by him. All losses are adjusted and paid.

The agency where the risk is taken, and persons insuring in the Company may have full confidence in its ability to pay, and its liberal, prompt, and honorable dealing with the insured.

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON, Agent.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 27, 1849.

INLAND TRANSPORTATION,
All shipments of Goods, Wares and Merchandise, per good vessel or vessel, between New Orleans and Eastern ports—between New Orleans and other Gulf ports—between all American ports and English or European ports, or to any maritime ports whatsoever in the Atlantic waters, against the PERIODS OF THE SEAS.

For terms of Insurance, also to inquire concerning further information apply to JOHN HOUGH, Jr., Agent Protection Insurance Company, Fort Wayne, Jan. 16, 1849.

CITY
INSURANCE COMPANY
OF CINCINNATI.

Will Insure against Loss or Damage by FIRE, Tares, Buildings, Stores, Mills, Manufactures, Warehouses and Convents, vessels porting their Cargos, Vessels building or repairing, Goods, Wares, and Merchandise generally.

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Office—No 8 Front street, between Main and Seymour, Cincinnati, Ohio.

The subscriber has been appointed agent of the above company in this city, to whom application can be made for policies, pamphlets, information, &c., at Room No. 10, Commercial Building, Fort Wayne, Dec. 3, 1849.

WASHINGTON COUNTY MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, CHAMBERS WHOLE INSURANCE COMPANY, Nov. 17, 1849.

Observe the Refreshment House!
Fort Wayne Bakery.

J. F. COOMBS begs most respectfully to inform the inhabitants of Fort Wayne and its neighborhood that he has taken the store late in occupied by Mr. Bell, No. 26 Columbia Street, opposite the late Dr. Beecher's Drug Store, where he intends carrying on the BAKING BUSINESS in all its branches.

PAstry, CONFECTIONERY,
FANCY BISCUITS,

Bread, Crackers, Gingerbread, with great varieties of FANCY CAKES, too numerous to mention.

He begs to solicit a share of the public patronage, assuring them that nothing shall be wanting in the quality, price, and workmanship of his goods, both Wholesale and RETAIL, to merit their favor and support.

Orders for Weddings and Family Parties attended with punctuality.

Hotels, Boarding Houses, Storekeepers, Cap-

es of Boats, and Country Dealers supplied on reasonable terms.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Vol. 11—No. 49.

FORT WAYNE, Indiana, Saturday, June 15, 1851.

Whole No. 939.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

S. J. PATRICK,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW,

AND
Solicitor in Chancery,
FORT WAYNE, IA.

Office, in the second story of B. Smith's brick building, on Calhoun-st., south of Columbia. 16

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON. CHARLES CASE.

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

Land and Collection Agents,
FORT WAYNE, IA.

POETRY.

PROCRASITINATIONS.
BY CHARLES MACRAY.

If fortune with a smiling face
Strews roses on your way,
When shall we stoop to pick them up?
Taste not the roses, rosy roses,
But should she frown with face of care,
And talk of coming sorrow,
When shall we grieve, if grieve we must?

To-morrow, love, to-morrow.

If those who've wronged us own their faults,
And kindly pity pray,
What wrongs we've done and forgive?
To-day, my love, to-day.

But it seems justice urge rebuke,
And warneth from memory sorrow,
When shall we chide, if chide we dare?

To-morrow, love, to-morrow.

If love, estranged, should once again
Her gentle smiles display,
When shall we kiss her proffred lips?

To-day, my love, to-day.

But, if she would indulge regret,
Or dwell with woes of sorrow,
When shall we weep, if weep we must?

To-morrow, love, to-morrow.

For virtuous acts and harmless joys,
The minutes will not stay;

We're always time to welcome them

To-day, my love, to-day.

But care, resentment, angry words,
And unavailing sorrow,

Come far too soon if they appear

To-morrow, love, to-morrow.

From the Saturday Gazette.

Mrs. MUDLAW'S Recipe for Potato Pudding, OR; GOSSIP FROM OUR TOWNS.

BY THE AUTHOR OF "THE BEDOTT PAPERS."

[Concluded.]

These last words of Mrs. Philpot had an effect upon Mudlau which no wish or entreaty of that lady would have produced, for they suggested to her selfish mind the possibility of a dismissal from her snug berth at Colonel P.'s, where she carried it with a high hand—she gave in.

"Well, just to please you and the Curch, I'll do it, but I wish 'lection was over."

Mrs. Philpot returned to the nursery, and Mrs. Mudlau took off her apron, changed her cap for one trimmed with pink ribbons and blue roses, gave numerous orders to Peggy, and followed. She was a short, plump woman with a broad, red face, and a pair of strong hands; all the very personalification of good nature; though I have never found fault with any more amiable than lean ones. Certainly, Mrs. Mudlau was not a very sweet-tempered woman. On this occasion she felt rather more cross than usual, forced as she was, to give one of her receipts to a nobody. She, however, knew the necessity of assuring a pleasant demeanor at that time, and accordingly entered the room with a smiling countenance. Mrs. P. fearing lest her cook's familiarity might belittle her mistress in the eyes of Mrs. Darling, and again asking to be excused for a short time, went into the library, a nondescript apartment, dignified by that name, which communicated with the nursery. The moment she left her seat, a large rocking-chair, Mudlau dumped herself down in it, excluding.

"Miss Philpot says you want to get my receipt for potato puddin'."

"Yes," replied Mrs. Darling, "I would be obliged to you for the direction," and she took out of her pocket a pencil and paper to write it down. "Well, 'tis an easy receipt, and Mudlau can comp'ctly tell it for me; but I like about as well as any puddin' I make, and that's sayin' a good deal. I can tell you, for I understand makin' a great variety, of what you make it like?"

"Wal, not you nann—'tis not to make the puddin' heavy, you know, and when it is heavy, it aint so light and good. I'm a great hand."

"Yes. What do you use for flavoring?"

"There again you'll have to exercise your own judgment. Some like one thing, and some another, you know. If you go the hull ragger on temperance, why some other flavor?"

"But whatever you make up your mind to, use it to get in a sufficiency, or else your puddin' 'll be flat. I always make it a pint to have my eggs thoroughly beat."

"Yes it was too bad. Do you use fruit in the puddin'?"

"Wal, that's just as you please. You'd better be governed by your own judgment; as I like currants, some like raisins and then some don't care for them. If you use raisins, for pity's sake pick out the stones."

"It's awful to have a boby's teeth comin' grindin' into a raisin stin. I'd rather have my ears box' t any time."

"How many raisins must I take?"

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"But whatever you make up your mind to, use it to get in a sufficiency, or else your puddin' 'll be flat. I always make it a pint to have the water biles."

"How long should you think?"

"Wal, that depends a good deal on the heat of your oven. If you have a very hot oven, 'towt do to leave it in too long, and if you over-cook it, it aint so hot, why you'll be necessitated to leave it longer."

"Wal, how can I tell anything about it?"

"Well, how long will it take?"

"Wal, that depends on what you make it with."

"Wal, I peel my potators end biles em in fair water. I always let the water biles be fair I put em in. Some folks let their potators lie and sog in the water ever so long, but I like it biles as soon as possible. Now there's the Cardinella puddin' and the Washington puddin' and the Lay Fayette puddin', and the—"

"Yes. Mr. Darling liked it very much—how do you make it?"

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"How many potators?"

"Wal! I always take about as many potators as I think I shall want. I'm generally governed by the size of the puddin' I want to make. If it's a large puddin', why I take quite a number, but if it's a small one, why, they don't take as many. As quick as they're done, I take em up, and when they're done, I wash em. I always very particular about what—some folks ant, they'll let their potators be full of lumps. I never do, if there's any thing I hate, it's lumps in potators. I would make a pint to have the water biles—"

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For CONGRESS—10th District,
JAMES W. BORDEN,
OF ALLEN COUNTY.

Allen County Democratic Ticket.

Representative,
ISAAC D. G. NELSON.

Clerk.

JOSEPH SINCLAIR.

Recorder.

EDWARD F. COLERICK.

Co. Commissioner—2d District,

PETER PARKER.

Prosecuting Attorney—12th Judicial Circuit,

JAMES L. WORDEN.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, JUNE 11, 1851.

Mr. V. B. PALMER, Tribune Buildings
New York; Third and Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia; and Scollay's Building, Boston, is Agent for the Sentinel in those cities; and is alone authorized to receive subscriptions, &c. on our account.

FOURTH OF JULY.—Our German fellow citizens, with their usual patriotism, are making arrangements to celebrate the approaching national anniversary of independence in an appropriate manner. We do not hear of any thing being done by the American citizens to mark the day by a due observance. For several years they have allowed it to pass unnoticed and unhonored. This ought not to.

MAIL DELIVERY.—On Tuesday night three prisoners escaped from our county jail, and have not yet been recaptured. Their names are—Francis Merry, George Keefer, and Wm. Brown. A reward of \$50 is offered for the apprehension of Merry, \$50 for Keefer, and \$5 for Brown.

They made their escape by removing a door and tearing away the basement wall, which opened a way for them into a large cistern, running across this, they removed the stones between the joists on the opposite side, and got into the cellar of the jailor's house, and thence into the open air.

PIRE.—On Tuesday last, about one o'clock P.M., flames were seen issuing from the roof of the soap and candle factory occupied by Mr. Henderson. The engines were promptly on the spot, and the fire was extinguished before much damage was done. It is thought the fire was communicated from a small crack in the chimney in the second story to a grease barrel standing near, and thence ascended to the roof.

We did not feel well for our citizens on an occasion of fire to sound the alarm more loudly, and generally than was done in this instance! But few of the firemen knew any thing of the fire until after it was extinguished. Much depends on the prompt appearance of the men at a fire, as the flames are much more easily checked at the commencement than after they have gained strength; and to assure this, it is necessary they should be paid well that their services are needed. When well paid, they will warrant they will be on hand and faithfully perform their duty.

The Whig Candidate.—The Rev. S. Borden has succeeded in elbowing his competitor, Mr. Hawkins and Capt. Malon, off the bench, and is now the Whig candidate for Congress in the Tenth District. We do not apprehend much danger from him, and have reason to believe that his hopes of seducing the lame and infirm members of his church from their adherence to the principles of their party will be signally disappointed. He may perhaps gain a few whose sectarian zeal may overcome their political honesty; but the great mass are not to be led astray, by such pretences, and look upon the attempt of a preacher to gain a seat in Congress on such ground, as neither creditable to himself nor advantageous to the church to which he belongs. It would be the greatest of any true democrat's course to be led by such a flimsy reason to vote for a ultra whig as Rev. S. Borden. By such a course he would inevitably lose his influence and forfeit the esteem of all thinking citizens.

Another Candidate.—The name of James Clegg, of Decatur, is announced in the Decatur Gazette as an independent candidate for Congress in the Tenth Congressional District. Mr. Clegg is a preacher or exhorter in the Methodist Church, which it is thought may give him some influence among the members, as in this, we presume, his friends found his course of success, as he is otherwise far from popular. This is rather running the church into the ground, and it would be well for those who seek to mingle religion with politics to reflect where their course may lead them, and what may be the result. We do not think that the cause of religion will be much advanced by dragging it into the vortex of encroaching strife; nor do we think the members of our national Legislature or the members of its councils would be much improved by the mixture of political priests with the other discordant materials of which it is now composed.

MR. DANIEL MACE has been nominated as the democratic candidate for Congress in the Indiana district.

New York Special Election.—At a special election held to fill the vacancies caused by the resignation of the twelve democratic senators, who resigned their seats and left the Senate without a quorum, in order to defeat the passage of the bill for the enlargement of the Erie Canal, seven senators in favor of the enlargement and five opposed to that extreme measure, were elected, as follows:

Dist. Enlargement Dist. Opposition.

1. Wm. H. Brown.

2. John Sanford. 3. James O. Curtis.

4. B. N. Huntington. 5. Wm. A. Dury.

6. Moses P. Hatch. 7. Sidney Te. B.

8. Cath. Lyon. 9. John Hoyes.

10. Josiah B. Williams.

11. Wm. B. Gilbert.

This of course secures the passage of the iniquitous measure, and will saddle a debt of eight or nine millions of dollars on the state of New York, although the Constitution expressly deprives the Legislature of any power to plunge the state in debt. The way the spendthrifts propose to set aside the requirements of the Constitution is ingenious, and shows how

little check even the constitution itself affords against the wiles and schemes of the money power. The constitution provides that no debt shall be contracted on account of the state; to get round this, the proposed amount is to be raised on security of the canal and canal revenues—that the debt is to be considered as one against the canal and not against the state! The canal belongs to the state, but it is contended that mortgaging the canal is not involving the state in debt.

The great object sought to be effected, is to throw an enormous amount of state stocks into the market, to be used as banking capital. To accomplish this, the specious pretext of enlarging the canal is used, and the constitution is to be annulled, and the state plunged headlong into debt. Such is the power of the money king in the once democratic state of New York.

RAILROAD.—The engineers engaged in a preliminary survey of the route of the Ohio and Indiana railroad arrived here on Thursday evening. They report the route as highly favorable.

The water has been drawn off some of the levees on the Ohio Division of the Wabash and Erie Canal, for the purpose of repairs. It will probably be let in again about next Wednesday.

THE new constitution for the state of Maryland has been adopted by a majority of 8,000 to 10,000 votes. The contest was very warm, and the papers in the state for some time previous to the election were almost filled with articles on the subject.

In Ohio also, the contest on the adoption of the new constitution raged fiercely, and has almost settled into a party question—the democrats supporting the new constitution, and the whigs opposing it. The vote will be taken next Tuesday.

In Indiana there is but little said on the subject of our new constitution, and we think it will be ratified by an almost unanimous vote. The question will be taken at our August election. Every citizen ought to examine the constitution carefully, and let it be known that it is better than the old one should vote for its adoption.

Public Sentiment in South Carolina.—The independent whig candidates for Congress in this district, and refused to be driven off by Breton; but being of rather a timid and hesitating disposition, he has allowed Breton to get a start of him, notwithstanding he was first in the field. That he is a very modest and retiring man is not to be doubted, and this is another instance on which brazen-faced impudence has carried off the palm from unadventurous merit.—*Huntington Observer.*

The Congressional Convention.—came off at Huntington on the 25th ult., and we have the pleasure of giving our readers, this week, its proceedings in detail. The convention was numerously attended, and its deliberations were marked by that spirit of harmony and mutual concession, which is the glory of the independent party and the secret of its power and triumph.

Although there were several candidates for this nomination—all men of distinguished claims, yet the prevailing choice of the District was clearly demonstrated by the fact that the third ballot determined the struggle, and James W. Borden, of Allen county, was declared unanimously the nominee.

Judge Borden is too well known throughout the district, to render it necessary to speak at large of his eminent qualifications. We could say no more than is already well known by the people of the entire district—that he is a man of distinguished legal and literary acquirements, a politician of great sagacity! A Democrat of the liberal and progressive stamp—educated in the true Jeffersonian school, and consequently opposed to every degree of monopoly and privileged aristocracy, and a firm friend and able advocate of equal rights.

The admirable resolution adopted by the convention, give an unmistakable indication of the course which Judge Borden would pursue, as the chosen exponent, in the National Legislature, of those great and just principles of government which constitute the creed of national democracy, and to which we trust the people of the 14th District of Indiana will rally in their support.

This has invariably been done here, in both our papers, in reference to the rights of the slaves.

It will be seen that a large portion of our paper this week is filled with extracts from letters received. We feel it is in the interest of our readers, in every part of the country, to be informed of the opposition to secession, which has been made by that portion of the people of the United States who were under the impression that the South was not to be separated from the Union.

It is manifest that, so far from all the slaves of the people, we are equally opposed to it.

That no one can doubt it. The newspapers and politicians have to this date, not uttered a single word in defense of that which is now in progress.

As one of our Charleston correspondents remarks, the reverse in the city, since last Feb., is incredible. But a

few more taxes, as our Hamden correspondent remarks, have opened the eyes of the people to the beginning of their course.

—*Album Observer.*

TENNESSEE DISTRICT.—We received on Wednesday the following Telegraph despatch, too late however for our issue of that day:

HUNTINGTON, May 24th, 1851.

Dr. Ellis' Convention, tenth District—Borden forty-eight; Harlan, thirty-one, both nominated.

The defeat of Mr. Hartlieb, we are well aware, was out of no disrespect for that gentleman, or on account of any dissatisfaction with his professional care; for so far as we are aware, he is held in the highest estimation throughout the district. There were other men however who desired to go to Congress, and whose friends were active and zealous in their support.

That the choice of Mr. Hartlieb's successor has fallen upon a gentleman so well worthy of that honor, and so high in the confidence of the Democracy of this district as Judge Borden, has never been anything but a democratic—years ago his history of the Political parties brought him prominently before the people, established his reputation as a profound politician, and did much towards indoctrinating the people of Indiana in the true principles of democracy. His success in the canvass is beyond all paradox.—*Indiana Stateman.*

To the Second Congress.—The nomination of the two Lewis W. Borden, as the Democratic candidate for Congress of the 14th Congressional District, is heralded by the people generally, as a judicious and just act of the Democrats. Judge Borden is long and ably defended and advocated our principles. Whatever his lot has been cast, he has always been a faithful exponent of the rights of man, and the true policy of our Government, and the sentiments of the people of this State, which are so well known and understood by all the people of the country.

He is a man of great talents, and has a decided bent for politics, and has always been a decided exponent of the principles of the Democracy.

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BRING ON YOUR BUTTER.
We will pay 8 cents per lb. for all the Butter that may be brought to us this summer; and will furnish kegs to those who wish to pack it. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

May 30, 1851.

W. H. BANKS. [1851.] P. OHNEK.

BANKS & ONHECK,
HOUSE, SIGNS,
and

Ornamental Painters,

Under the Time Office, Columbia Street,

Port Wayne, Indiana.

MASONIC and Odd Embroidered Aprons, Gilding on Glass and Cloth, Carriage Painting, Initiation of Wood and Marble, Glazing and Paper Hanging, executed with neatness and dispatch. Orders promptly attended to.

June 6, 1851. 344

New Fashions.

Mrs. WELLS would

like to inform the public that

she is prepared to exhibit the

latest PARIS FASHIONS,

with a large assortment of

FANCY GOODS and BONNETS;

of every kind, and of the

latest style. Robards, Silks

for Dresses and Bonnets; a

large quantity of rich

French Flowers and other Trimmings,

which are a part of her stock. Ladies will please

and examine them themselves.

Bonnets made in the newest style. Bonnets

made or repaired in the neatest manner, and on

the most reasonable terms.

Shop south side of Columbia Street, nearly op-

posite the Auction Room.

May 23, 1851. 346

Medical Notice.

JAMES W. COX, M. D., would inform the

public of Indian origin, that he has perma-

nently located himself in Port Wayne, for the

purpose of practicing Medicine and Surgery.

Those visiting his services will find him during

the day, at the NEW DRUG STORE, Brearley's

Rooms, and at night, in Room No. 3, Spencer

Rooms. Dr. COX, Agent, Port Wayne, Ind., May 10, 1851. 348

NEW STORE,

No. 2. Hanna's Block.

J. L. HARRISON & Co., respectfully inform

the public that they are now occupying, in

the store formerly occupied by C. L. Hill, a

book store, a large and general assortment of

DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Queenware, Hardware,

etc., which have been carefully selected with

especial care to fit the wants and tastes of this

community, and they confident that when we

have them with a call will find such articles as they

want. The

Newest and Best Styles of Goods

have been purchased, and as the only passport to

our favor, is, to deserve it, we are determined

that no effort on our part shall be spared to

secure a share of the public patronage. To this

end we shall be satisfied with moderate profits,

and a full and fair return.

Hardware Highly Experienced.

Call at W. OAKLEY'S, who may be found in

at the rear building of the one which he is now

occupying. May 2, 1851. 349

A Great Chance to Save Money!

WALLES & McMULLEN have now on hand

the following: Books, Cloth, Paper, &c.

Cast Steel Trowel Tempered Hoes,

No. 1, 2, and 3. Those who have tried these

Hoes say they would rather have one of them

than any other hoes they ever saw.

IRON, NAILS, and STEEL just arrived, and

at a reasonable price.

DR. FRIMAN says, Among the Dry Goods

we have the latest styles of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS:

such as Black and Fancy Bonnets, Lays, or

gloves, Plain and striped Cambric, Gingham,

and Linen Pocket Handkerchiefs, Hair Cloth,

and Silk Lace and Edgings; summer Drills of all

colors, stripe and plain, Nankin, plain, barred

and twilled; Cambric, Buttons, Pins, Needles,

Fans, Ginghams, Silk Gauze, Hair Cloth,

and Linen Pocket Handkerchiefs, Hair Cloth,

and Silk Lace and Edgings; Linen, Palm Leaf and But-

ton Vests, Hats, for men and boys; Capes, &c.

LADIES' GAITERS, SLIPPERS, &C.

Lined, Knit, and Children's Gaiters, Shoe

Slippers, &c., of all kinds. Men's Shoes and

Boots—Home made and Eastern.

Soles and Uppers, Leather, Cloth, &c.

Dr. FRIMAN says, Among the Dry Goods

we have the latest styles of

Clothes from 61 to 122,

of all shapes, figures, sizes, &c.,

and in every style of

finishing, &c., &c.

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OFFICE.—Immediately over Wall's Drug Store, corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, Third Story.

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents a month of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year. A paper discontinued until all arrears are paid up, except the option of the publisher to advertise in it at One Dollar per square of "Fee Lines," for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions. A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch on the most reasonable terms.

The Knob Insurance Company.

Fire, Marine, and Life Insurance.

Capital Stock—\$200,000!

Office on Water Street, in West Bank Room, VINCENNES, IN.

THIS Company, having been highly organized and the balance secured by mortgage on Real Estate and by personal guarantees, are now prepared to effect insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire, or Buildings, Marchantines, Machinery, and other property, and especially of that class. Merchandise and Provisions in the course of inland transportation the State of the sons, A. & J., also, that of Steamboats, and other vessels, and upon Lives of individuals going to California. The rates of premium will be as low as those of our nearest Company.

All Losses liberally adjusted and promptly paid. The stock of this Company is held entirely in the West, and controlled by western men, and in no way connected with New York.

DIRECTORS:

Hon. R. B. Cannon, Vincennes;

W. J. Heberer, do;

Jacob Pos, do;

Samuel Wile, do;

Peter P. Bailey, Fort Wayne;

Thomas T. Brindley, Louisville;

Walter W. Early, Terre Haute;

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William Hughes, do;

Levi Sparks, do;

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Hon. W. M. CARLSON, President;

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C. M. Allen, Secretary;

W. J. Weston, Treasurer.

Short Life and California risks taken at the highest extra rates.

PETER P. BAILEY,

Agent at Fort Wayne.

Columbus Insurance Company,

OF COLUMBUS, OHIO.

Capital paid in \$300,000.

INCORPORATED 1832.

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON, Agent.

THE subscriber, agent at Fort Wayne, in this successful and responsible Company, continues to insure on all kinds of property.

This Company, since its organization, has paid over \$100,000 of dividends to its stockholders. The insurance has always been prompt and paid. The subscriber during the past year paid over \$4,000 for losses on property, and by his All losses are adjusted at the same time the risk is taken and persons in the agency whose risk is taken and persons in the company may have full confidence in its ability to pay, and its liberal, prompt, and honorable dealing with the insured.

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON, Agent,

Fort Wayne, Nov. 27, 1849.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Vol. 11—No. 49.

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ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,
AND

Solicitor in Chancery,

FORT WAYNE, IN.

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